NAME:	Period:	Date:	

	Definitions - use definitions from NOTES!!!		
Square of a number	the product of a number and itself		
Integers	the set of positive and negative whole numbers including zero {3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3,}		
Set	a group or listing of all numbers belonging to the same group; use {} for set notation		
Opposite	numbers that are the same distance from zero on the number line		
Absolute Value	the distance from zero on the number line; use for absolute value notation		
Rational Number	any number that can be written as a fraction		
Reciprocal	fraction flipped		
Ratio	a comparison of two quantities using division		
Rate	a ratio of two quantites with different units		
Unit Rate	a rate that has been reduced to a denominator of one		
Proportional & Non- proportional	when two or more rates or ratios are equal; when two or more rates or ratios are not equal		
Proportion	an equation stating two ratios or rates are equivalent		

	Writing Equations Key Words - must have at least 3 terms for each symbol							
+	-	÷	Х	=	<	>	≤	<u>></u>
add	subtract	divided by	times	is	is less than	is greater than	is less than	is greater
plus	minus	divided into	twice	is equal to	is fewer than	is more than	or equal to	than or
total	take away	split	multiplied by	is the same			at most	at least
in all	lower than	quotient*	product*	as				
increased by	decreased by							
sum*	difference*							
more than*	less than*							

	5	. .
NAME:	Period:	Date:

Rules

Integers

Addition	Subtraction	Multiplication	Division
Same Signs:	1. Keep 1st # same	Same Signs:	Same Signs:
1. Add the numbers		positive answer	positive answer
2. Keep the sign	2. Change minus to plus		
<u>Different Signs:</u>	3. Change sign of 2nd #	Different Signs:	<u>Different Signs:</u>
1. Subtract larger-smaller		negative answer	negative answer
2. Keep sign of larger #	4. Follow addition rules		

Fractions

Addition	Addition Subtraction Multiplication		Division	
1. Find a LCD	1. Find a LCD	1. Change mixed/whole to	1. Change mixed/whole to	
2. Add whole/numerators	2. Borrow if needed	improper	improper	
3. Denominator stays	3. Subtract whole/numerators	2. Cross cancel if possible		
4. Reduce	4. Denominator stays		2. Keep-Change-Flip	
	5. Reduce	3. Multiply numerators	(Multiply by reciprocal)	
		Multiply denomiators		
		4. Reduce	3. Follow multiplication rules	

Decimals

Addition	Subtraction	Multiplication	Division
1. Stack numbers vertically	1. Stack numbers vertically	1. Stack numbers vertically	1. Top # on inside, bottom #
2. Line up decimal points	(larger number on top)	# with more digits on top)	on outside of division bar
3. Add zeros to fill in digits	2. Line up decimal points	2. Multiply numbers	2. Move decimal on outside
4. Add from right to left	3. Add zeros to fill in digits	3. Count digits after decimal	until after last # (same #
	4. Subtract from right to left	in both numbers (same #	of places on inside)
		of places in answer)	3. Divide

Order of Operations

Р	parentheses and other grouping symbols; work from inside out		
E	exponents		
М	multiplication	LEFT TO RIGHT	
D	division	LEFT TO KIGHT	
Α	addition	LEFT TO RIGHT	
S	subtraction		