

**10-1E Volume Notes: Pyramids**

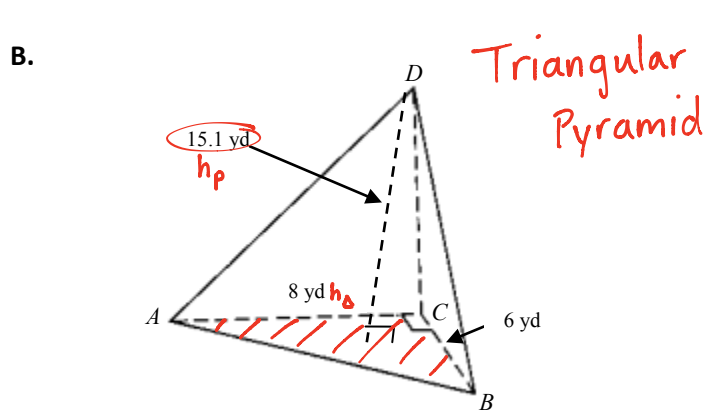
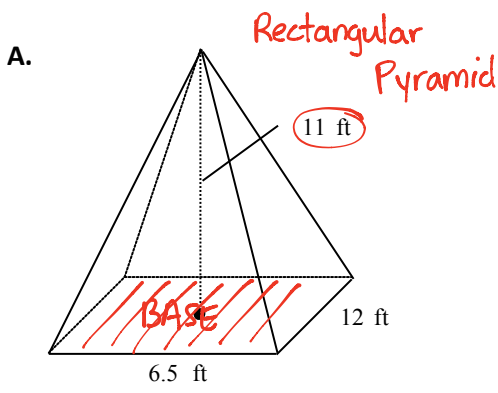
**Volume** - the space a three-dimensional figure occupies \*units cubed

For **Pyramids** one base across from apex, lateral faces are triangles

$$V = \frac{Bh}{3} \quad V = \frac{1}{3} Bh$$

B: area of base shape  
h: height of pyramid (distance from apex to base)

**Ex. 1:** Find the volume of each pyramid. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.



$$V = \frac{Bh}{3}$$

← area of rectangle

$$= \frac{(lw)h}{3}$$

$$= \frac{(6.5)(12)(11)}{3}$$

$$V = 286 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$V = \frac{Bh}{3}$$

← area of triangle

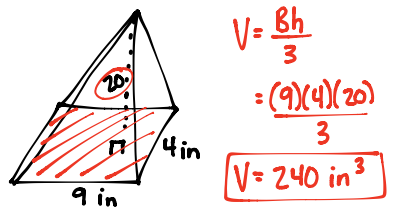
$$= \frac{(\frac{1}{2}bh_{\Delta})h_p}{3}$$

$$= \frac{(\frac{1}{2})(6)(8)(15.1)}{3}$$

$$= \frac{24(15.1)}{3}$$

$$V = 120.8 \text{ yd}^3$$

**Ex. 2:** Find the volume of a pyramid that has a height of 20 inches with a rectangular base with a length of 4 inches and a width of 9 inches.



$$V = \frac{Bh}{3}$$

$$= \frac{(9)(4)(20)}{3}$$

$$V = 240 \text{ in}^3$$

**Ex. 3:** A triangular pyramid has a volume of 60 cubic centimeters. The triangular base has a 12-centimeter base and a 5 centimeter height. Find the height of the pyramid.

$$V = 60 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$b = 12 \text{ cm}$$

$$h_{\Delta} = 5 \text{ cm}$$

$$h = ?$$

$$V = \frac{Bh}{3} = \frac{(\frac{1}{2}bh_{\Delta})h}{3}$$

$$60 = \frac{(\frac{1}{2})(12)(5)h}{3}$$

$$60 = \frac{30h}{3}$$

$$\frac{60}{10} = \frac{10h}{10} \quad \boxed{h = 6 \text{ cm}}$$

**KEY TIPS:**

- 1) Circle (height of figure)
- 2) Shade (bases)
- 3) Name (figure using the shape of the base)
- 4) Write basic formula for 3-D figure
- 5) Write specific formula (according to base)
- 6) Substitute values
- 7) Calculate
- 8) Check units/rounding