

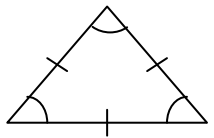
## 12-1C TRIANGLES & LESSON 11 DRAWING TRIANGLES

**TRIANGLE SUM THEOREM** - The angle measures of a triangle in a plane add to 180°.



$m\angle x + m\angle y + m\angle z = 180^\circ$


### CLASSIFY BY SIDE LENGTH



Equilateral Triangle

Contains 3 congruent sides

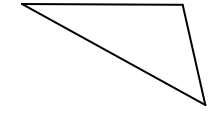
Contains 3 congruent angles



Isosceles Triangle

Contains 2 congruent sides

Contains 2 congruent angles

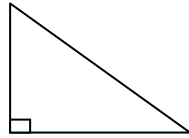


Scalene Triangle

Contains no congruent sides

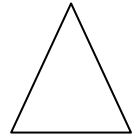
Contains no congruent angles

### CLASSIFY BY ANGLE MEASURE



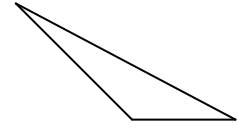
Right Triangle

Contains exactly one right angle



Acute Triangle

Contains three acute angles

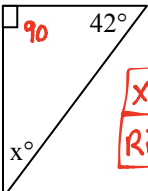


Obtuse Triangle

Contains exactly one obtuse angle

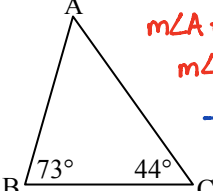
**Ex. 1:** Find the missing angle in the triangles and classify the type of triangle according to the angle measure.

**A.** Find  $x$ .



$180 - 90 - 42$   
 $x = 48^\circ$   
**Right Triangle**

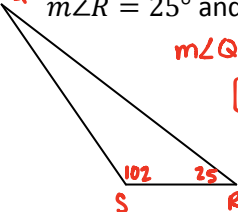
**B.** Find  $m\angle A$ .



$m\angle A + 73 + 44 = 180$   
 $m\angle A + 117 = 180$   
 $-117 \quad -117$   
 $m\angle A = 63^\circ$   
**Acute Triangle**

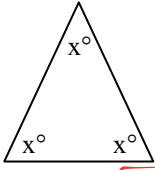
**C.** Find  $m\angle Q$  in  $\triangle QRS$  if

$m\angle R = 25^\circ$  and  $m\angle S = 102^\circ$



$m\angle Q = 180 - 102 - 25$   
 $m\angle Q = 53^\circ$   
**Obtuse Triangle**

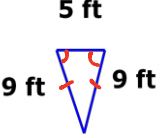
**D.** Find  $x$ .



$x + x + x = 180$   
 $3x = 180$   
 $\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{180}{3}$   
 $x = 60^\circ$   
**Acute Triangle**

**Ex. 2:** Classify each triangle according to its sides and angles.

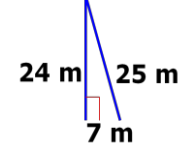
**A.**



9 ft    5 ft    9 ft

isosceles, acute

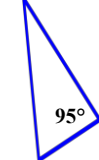
**B.**



24 m    25 m  
7 m

scalene, right


**C.**



95°

obtuse, scalene

**D.**



acute, equilateral

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Sections 12-1C & Lesson 11

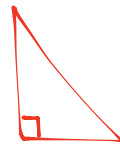
**Ex. 3:** Draw a triangle with the given specifications. Then, classify each triangle according to its sides and angles.

**A.** Three congruent angles and three congruent sides

**B.** One right angle and no congruent sides



acute  
equilateral



right  
scalene

**Lesson 11: Homework Activity**

**Problem 1:** Complete the tables by writing YES or NO in the spaces below.

**A.** Determine whether the lengths form a triangle.

**B.** Determine whether the angles form a triangle.

	Side 1	Side 2	Side 3	Form a triangle?
1.	6 cm	8 cm	10 cm	
2.	8 cm	8 cm	13 cm	
3.	4 cm	8 cm	15 cm	
4.	4 cm	6 cm	8 cm	
5.	6 cm	4 cm	10 cm	
6.	10 cm	4 cm	13 cm	
7.	8 cm	10 cm	15 cm	
8.	6 cm	8 cm	15 cm	
9.	8 cm	4 cm	13 cm	
10.	13 cm	10 cm	15 cm	

	Angle 1	Angle 2	Angle 3	Form a triangle?
1.	30°	60°	90°	
2.	30°	45°	60°	
3.	45°	45°	90°	
4.	43°	35°	102°	
5.	27°	99°	55°	
6.	90°	31°	59°	
7.	50°	60°	60°	
8.	50°	60°	70°	
9.	25°	25°	105°	
10.	120°	40°	10°	

**Problem 2:** Answer the following questions in complete sentences.

**A.** Using Problem 1A compare the sum of two sides to the length of a third side. Describe any patterns found.

**B.** Using Problem 1B compare the sum of the angle measures. Describe any patterns found.