Name:

## Lesson 13 – Circles

Definition	Symbol	C
A <u><b>circle</b></u> is the set of all points in a plane that are the same distance from a given point, (center of a circle)	• A Circle A	central sector
	CE minor are < 180°	
The part of the circle named by its endpoints is the <u>arc</u> .	CBD major arc >180°	E diameter B
A <u>radius</u> is a line segment whose endpoints are the	start from center	Changet
center of a circle and any point on the circle.	AB, AC, AE	drord
A <u>diameter</u> is line segment that passes through the center of a circle, and whose endpoints lie on the circle. (plural: radii)	BE	D
A <u>chorc</u> is a line segment whose endpoints are any two points on a circle.	BD, BE	
A <u>central</u> <u>angle</u> of a circle is an angle formed by two radii (radius plural).	LBAC, LCAE	
A <u>sector</u> of the circle is part of the circle enclosed by two radii and an arc connecting them.	Shaded	
<b>Circumference</b> : distance around a circle (regular units) <b>Area</b> : space covered inside a circle (units squared)		

\*d=2r

**Ex. 1**: Find the circumference of each circle. Round to the nearest tenth.

 $C = \pi d$  or  $C = 2\pi r$ 



Ex. 2: Find the area of each circle. Round to the nearest tenth.



Ex. 3: The Patels have a circular pool with a radius of 12 feet. They plan on installing a 4-foot-wide walkway around the pool. What will be the area of the walkway?

