

Chapter 7

Section 1

China & Japan
p. 201-202

Spheres of Influence

China, 1910



By the 1890's, Japan & the leading European powers had carved out Spheres of Influence in China – sections of the country where each of the foreign nations enjoyed special rights & powers.



What other countries had claims to China?

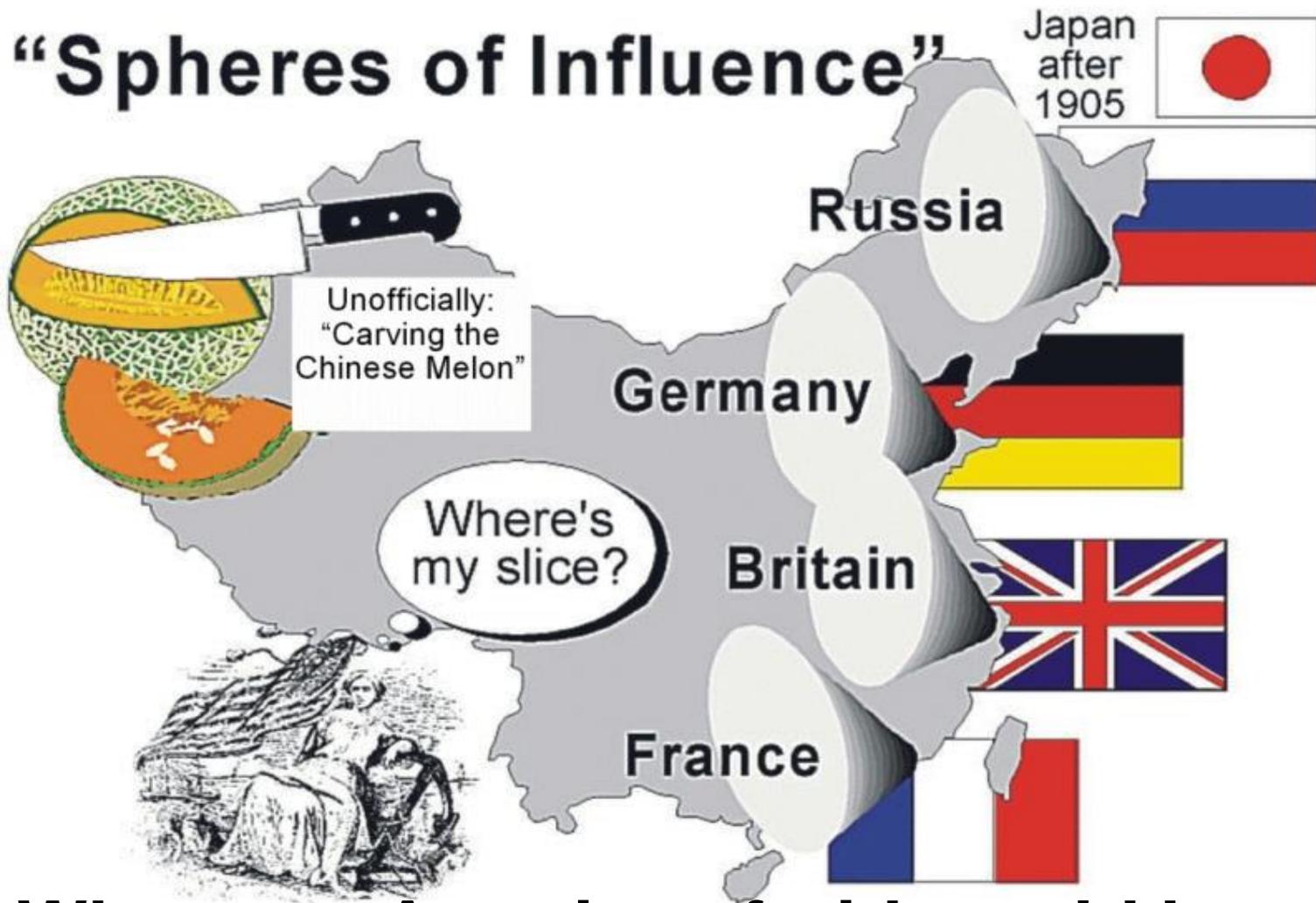
Japan,
Germany, Great Britain, France & Russia.



LA NEUTRALITÉ DE LA CHINE

— Ils ne veulent pas croire que je désire la tranquillité.

“Spheres of Influence”



What was America afraid would happen if we did not do something about the growing power of foreigners? We would be squeezed out of the trade.

Open Door Policy

- What is an Open Door Policy (O.D.P)? A policy that allowed each foreign nation in China to trade freely in the other nation's spheres of influence.
- The Boxers were a secret martial arts society that led a violent uprising against the "foreign devils." (this was called the Boxer Rebellion.)
- The Boxers wanted to stop the Open Door Policy.



CHINA



Foreign troops defeated the Boxers. Because of the Boxer Rebellion, all countries agreed to accept a **2nd** Open Door Policy which stressed:

1. China should maintain its **independence.**
2. All should respect China's **borders.**

Japan

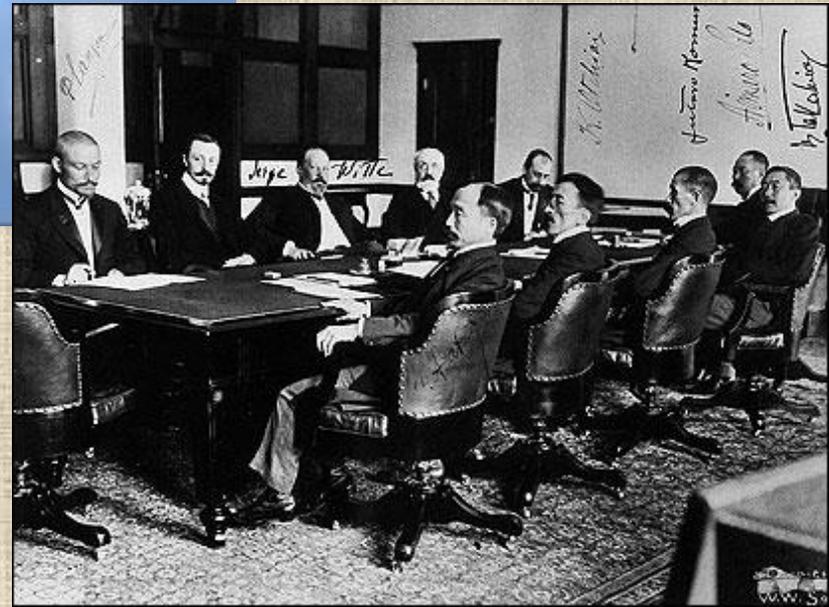
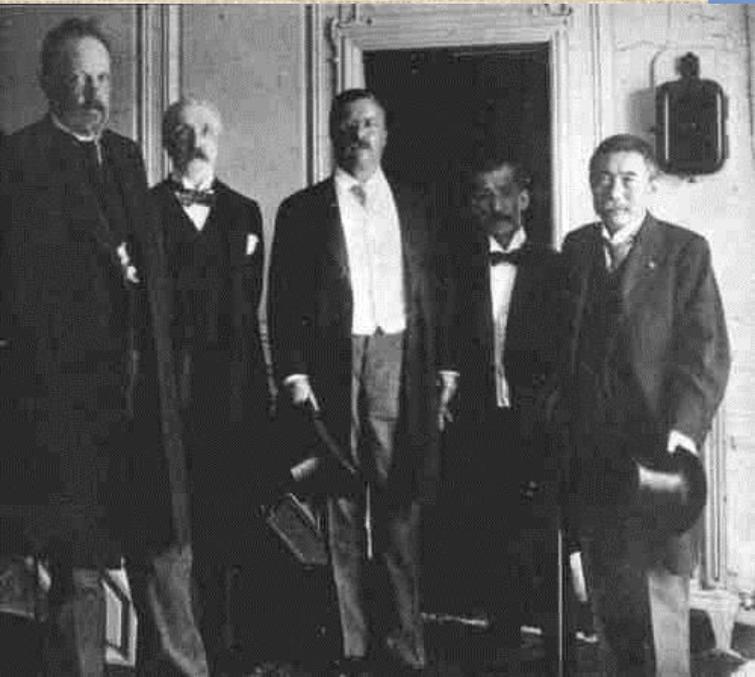
In the Treaty of Kanagawa, the Japanese agreed to open up ports to U.S. ships.

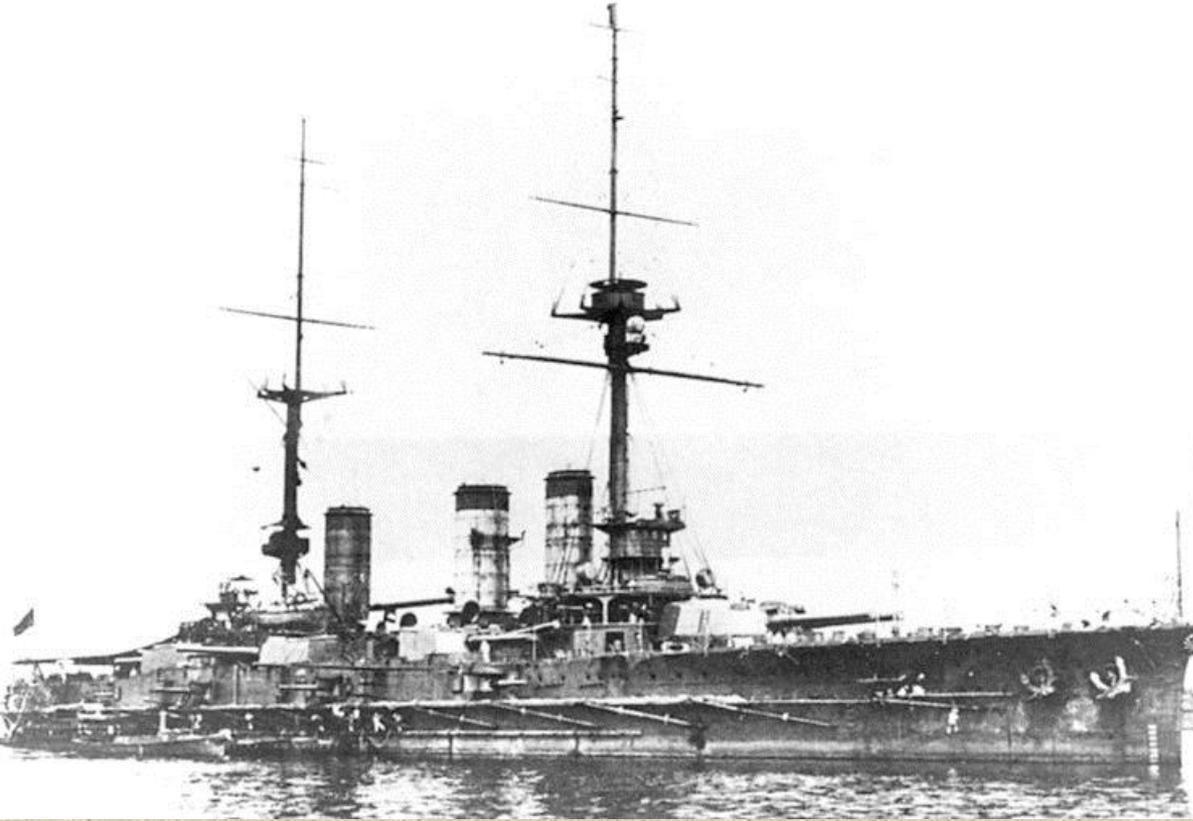


Later, Japan wanted to extend power in Asia (they wanted the resources), & began to ignore the Open Door Policy. This led to fighting between Japan & Russia, called the Russo-Japanese War. (After a year of fighting, both groups wanted peace.)

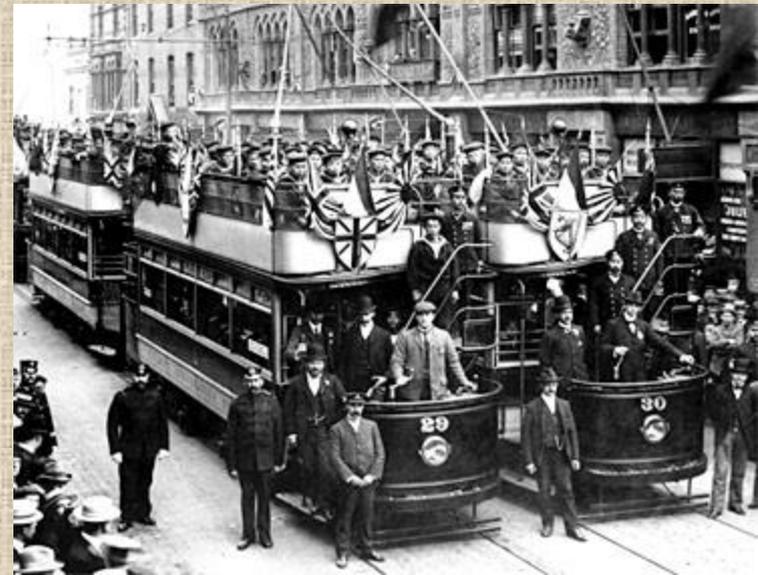


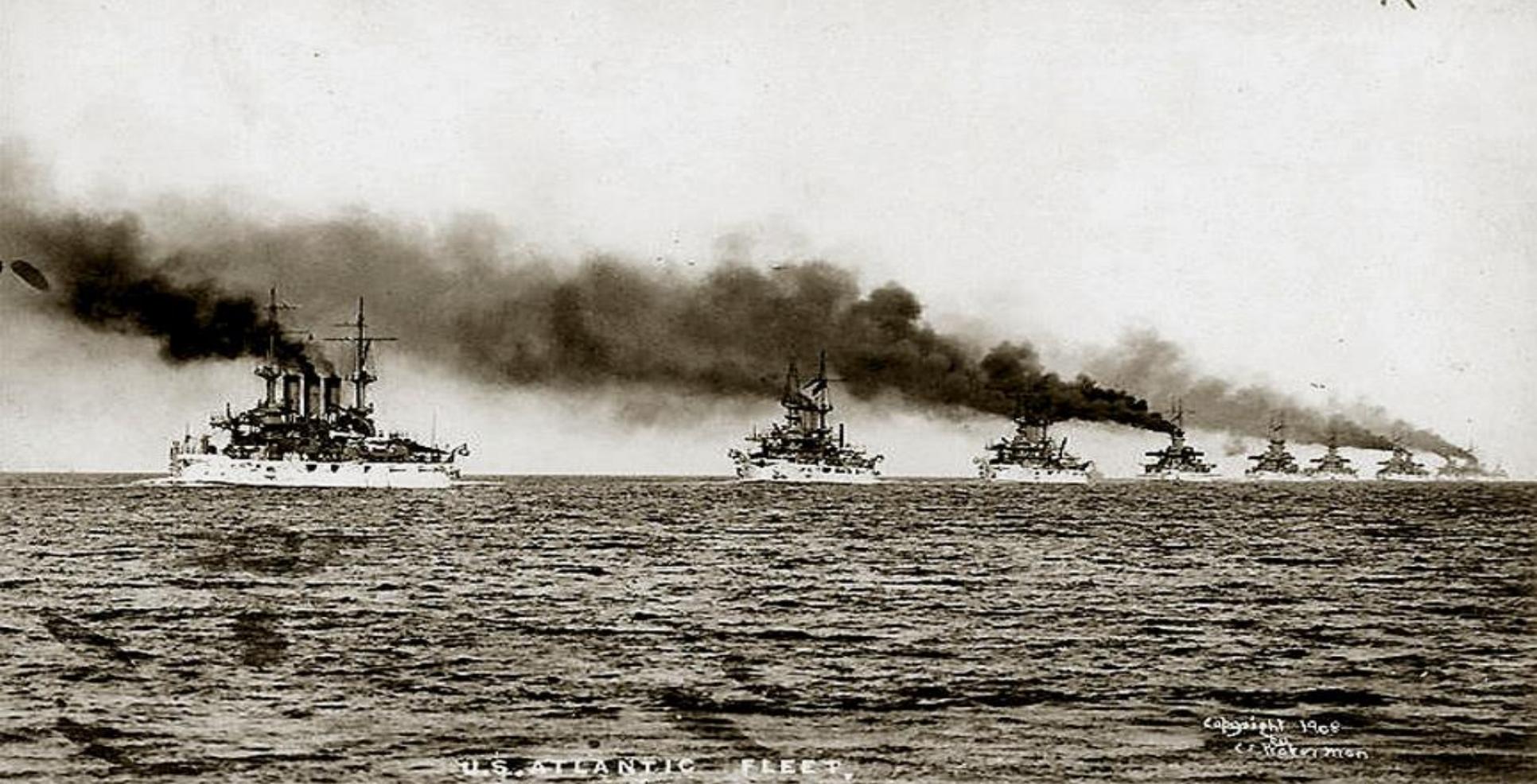
Both groups signed the Treaty of Portsmouth.(in 1905 – Theodore Roosevelt assisted. Treaty gave Japan control of Korea, but Japan had to agree to halt expansion.





Why did the US start to dislike Japan after the Treaty of Portsmouth? Japan developed strongest navy in Pacific & it challenged the U.S.





Roosevelt sent 16 White Warships (known as the Great White Fleet) on a cruise around the world to “show off” our navy.

This did impress the Japanese because they saw the power of the U.S.



**U.S. & Japanese
resolved many
of their
differences.**

