

Geography - 1st Nine Weeks Assessment (study guide)

1. The world's largest rain forest area is found in the _____.
2. The angle of the sun's rays causes the _____.
3. Weathering is a process that _____.
4. The area that surrounds the earth's core is called the _____.
5. Subarctic climate, tundra climate, and ice cap climate are in what major climate region?
6. Language, religion, customs, and beliefs are part of a(n) _____.
7. The earth's 1,000-mile (1,609-km)-thick cushion of gases is called the _____.
8. Dangerous rays from the sun are screened out on the earth by the _____.
9. An example of a nonrenewable resource is _____.
10. What term means the constant movement of the earth's water from oceans to air to land and back to oceans?
11. Coal, oil, and natural gas are examples of _____.
12. Trees, fertile soil, and clean water are examples of _____.
13. The earth's crust includes ocean floors and _____.
14. Magma can be seen in a(n) _____.
15. Most of the earth's freshwater is found in _____.
16. A funnel-shaped windstorm that forms over land is called a _____.
17. The local form of a language that differs from the main language is _____.
18. In a democracy, people choose their leaders by _____.
19. One way geographers study cultures is by looking at _____.
20. What is the largest and deepest ocean?
21. Most of the earth's salt water is found in _____.
22. Water held in the atmosphere in the form of gas is called _____.
23. Trees and plants are forms of _____.
24. Large masses of water in frozen form are called _____.
25. Off each coast of a continent lies a plateau called a(n) _____.
26. Water, wind, and ice move weathered material through a process called _____.
27. Plains and mountains are examples of _____.
28. About 70 percent of the earth's surface is _____.
29. Which of the following is a major world religion?
30. Voting is a form of _____.

- Study Charts and Maps on pp. 31, 49,
- Be familiar with Continents and Oceans!