

Geography - 2-9 (C) Study Guide

1. What was Ivan the Terrible's private army of black cloaked riders called?
2. The Berlin airlift was done to _____.
3. Which country was once split into communist and democratic parts but is now reunited?
4. Name the Czar-Liberator who freed the serfs in 1861.
5. The Russo-_____ War of 1904 resulted in devastating losses for the Russians.
6. The Chunnel passes beneath _____.
7. _____ came to power after Grigory Orlov and his brothers deposed and murdered her husband, Czar Peter III.
8. World War II came to an end when the U.S. _____.
9. The Truman Doctrine was a plan to _____.
10. Name several military technologies introduced during World War I?
11. In what war did Russia lose over 8 million men?
12. The Industrial Revolution made consumer goods, like clothing, _____ expensive.
13. Countries that claim colonies in other lands are _____.
14. Who was Russia's great poet and national hero?
15. What were the results of World War I?
16. Elite musketeers of the Russian army were called _____.
17. The dictator of the Soviet Union in the late 1920s until after World War II was _____.
18. Ivan the IV used violence and terror to keep the people of Russia in line. He would become known as _____.
19. Who was the mystic monk that became an advisor to Tsar Nicholas II?
20. Belgium, the Netherlands, and Luxembourg joined together to form the _____ trade union.
21. During the Cold War, the policy that discouraged attack by threatening nuclear war was _____.
22. In the late 1400s, Ivan III made Muscovy stronger when he drove out the _____.
23. The leader responsible for the Holocaust was _____.
24. Alexander I's successor Nicholas I, put down a revolt by the _____ rebels. He later had them exiled or executed.
25. The term tsar, or czar, is a Russian reference to _____.
26. During czarist Russia, serfs could be _____ with the land.
27. Which Czar built a navy and tried to modernize Russia?
28. What was the World War II alliance of Germany, Italy, and Japan called?
29. Machines designed for war were mass-produced for the first time for _____.
30. The Cold War was "cold" because neither side _____ armies in an official war.
31. A main goal of the Marshall Plan was to help rebuild Europe after _____.
32. Name several events of the Cold War?
33. The first Russian civilization was known as _____.
34. The Battle of _____ takes place outside of Moscow on September 7th, 1812 and was the single bloodiest battle of the Napoleonic Wars.
35. How long did the Mongols rule over Russia?
36. The euro is the currency of _____.
37. Russian noblemen were called _____.