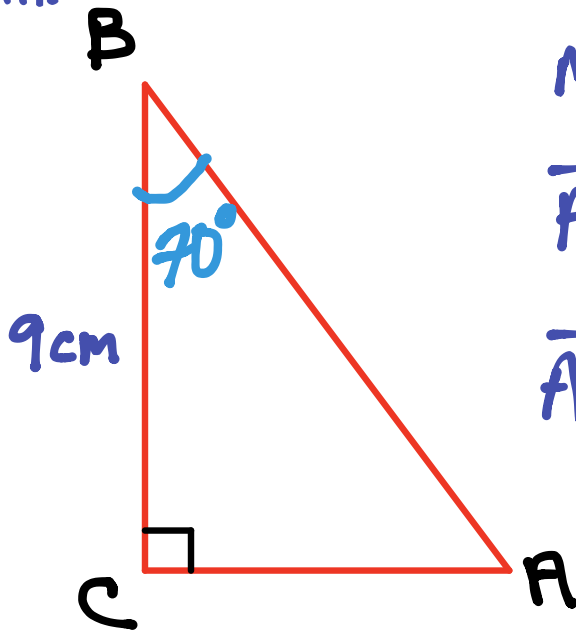


Feb. 28



Bellringer: find the  $m\angle A$  to the nearest degree, and the lengths of  $\overline{AB}$  and  $\overline{AC}$  to the nearest tenth.



$$m\angle A = \underline{20^\circ}$$

$$\overline{AB} = \underline{26.3 \text{ cm}}$$

$$\overline{AC} = \underline{24.7 \text{ cm}}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} 9 \cdot \tan 70^\circ &= \frac{AC \cdot 9}{9} \\ AC &= 24.7 \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} \cos 70^\circ &= \frac{9}{AB} \\ \frac{AB \cos 70^\circ}{\cos 70^\circ} &= \frac{9}{\cos 70^\circ} \\ AB &= 26.3 \end{aligned}$$

Learning Target: You can review for the test on radicals, Pythagorean theorem, distance formula, and Trig Ratios.

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

SOH CAH TOA

1.

$$\frac{\sqrt{8}}{3\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{3}}$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{3\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\frac{12+2\sqrt{6}}{18-3} = \frac{12+2\sqrt{6}}{15}$$

---

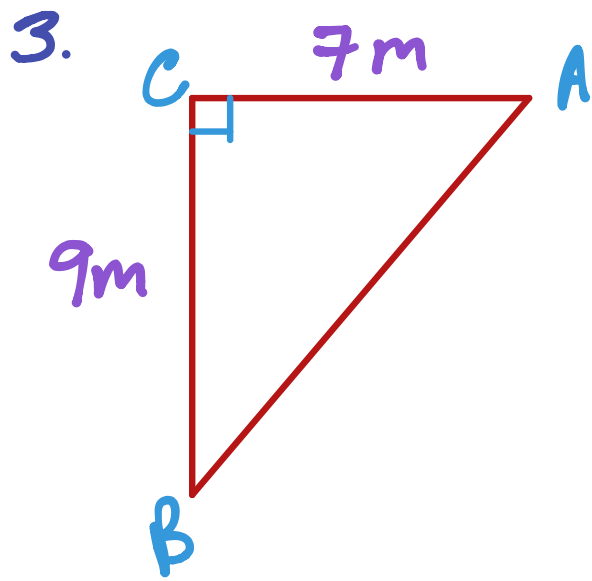
What's wrong with:

$$\frac{12+3\sqrt{6}}{15} = \frac{4+\sqrt{6}}{5}$$

2.  $\sqrt{3x+2} + 5 = 0$

$$\sqrt{3x+2} = -5$$

NO solution



$$m\angle A = \underline{52^\circ}$$
$$m\angle B = \underline{38^\circ}$$
$$\overline{AB} = \underline{11.4m}$$

4. find the distance between the following pair of points:  $(3, \frac{3}{7}), (4, -\frac{2}{7})$

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{(4 - 3)^2 + (-\frac{2}{7} - \frac{3}{7})^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{1^2 + (-\frac{5}{7})^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{1 + \frac{25}{49}} = \sqrt{\frac{74}{49}}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{74}}{\sqrt{49}} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{74}}{7}}$$

5. Find the value of  $a$  based on the given points and distance:

$$(6, -3), (-3, a), d = \sqrt{130}$$

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{130} = \sqrt{(-9)^2 + (a + 3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{130} = \sqrt{81 + a^2 + 6a + 9}$$

$$\left(\sqrt{130}\right)^2 = \left(\sqrt{a^2 + 6a + 90}\right)^2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 130 = a^2 + 6a + 90 \\ \underline{-130} \qquad \qquad \qquad \underline{-130} \end{array}$$

$$0 = a^2 + 6a - 40$$

$$0 = (a + 10)(a - 4)$$

$$\boxed{a = -10 \text{ or } 4}$$

$$6. \left( \sqrt{-1+2x} \right)^2 = (2-x)^2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -1+2x = 4-4x+x^2 \\ \underline{+1} \quad \underline{-2x} \quad \quad \underline{+1} \quad \underline{-2x} \end{array}$$

$$0 = x^2 - 6x + 5$$

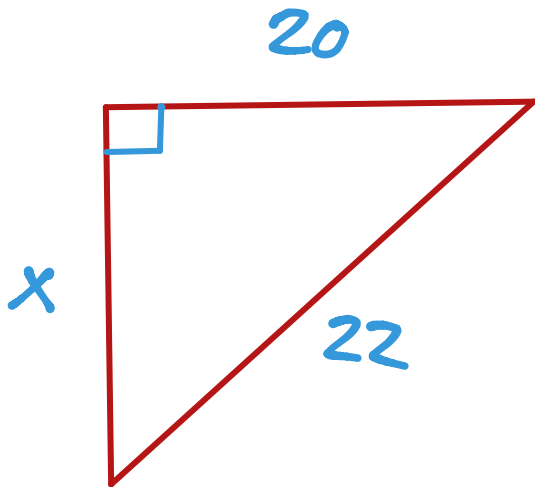
$$0 = (x-5)(x-1)$$

$$x = 5 \text{ or } 1$$

extraneous



7. Find the missing side lengths using the Pythagorean Theorem.  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$



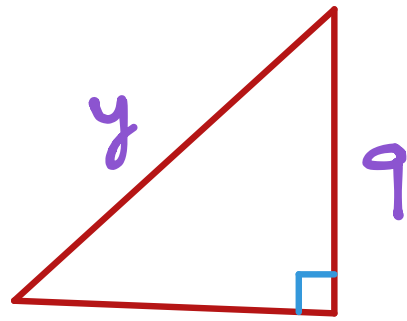
$$x^2 + 20^2 = 22^2$$

$$x^2 + 400 = 484$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -400 \quad -400 \\ \hline \sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{84} \end{array}$$

$$x = \sqrt{4 \cdot 21}$$

$$x = 2\sqrt{21}$$



$$15^2 + 9^2 = y^2$$

$$225 + 81 = y^2$$

$$\sqrt{y^2} = \sqrt{306}$$

$$y = \sqrt{9 \cdot 34}$$

$$y = 3\sqrt{34}$$

$$8. \left( \sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 5} \right)^2 = (x)^2$$

$$\cancel{x^2} - 4x + 5 = \cancel{x^2}$$

$$-4x + 5 = 0$$

$$-4x = -5$$

$$x = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$9. \quad \frac{3}{5-\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{5+\sqrt{2}}{5+\sqrt{2}}$$

$$= \frac{15+3\sqrt{2}}{25-2} = \frac{15+3\sqrt{2}}{23}$$

$$10. \quad \sqrt{27} + \sqrt{48} + \sqrt{12}$$

$$\sqrt{9 \cdot 3} + \sqrt{16 \cdot 3} + \sqrt{4 \cdot 3}$$

$$3\sqrt{3} + 4\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3}$$

$$9\sqrt{3}$$

$$11. \quad \sqrt{14} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{7}}$$

$$\sqrt{14} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{7}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{7}}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{14}}{1} - \frac{\sqrt{14}}{7} = \frac{7\sqrt{14}}{7} - \frac{\sqrt{14}}{7} = \frac{6\sqrt{14}}{7}$$

Assignment:

STUDY!!!

There is an extra  
study guide with  
answers on my  
blog.

---

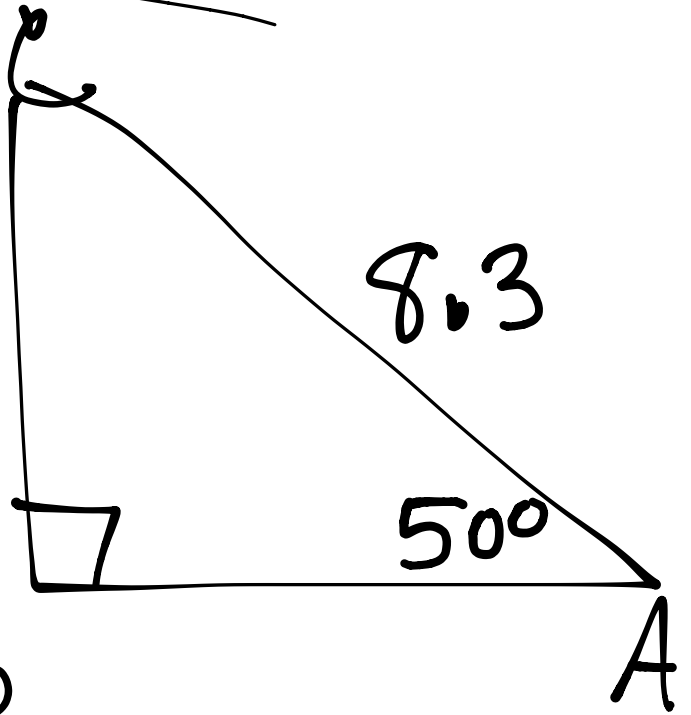
# Trig WS

8

$$M\angle C = \underline{40^\circ}$$

$$BC = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} B$$

$$AB = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

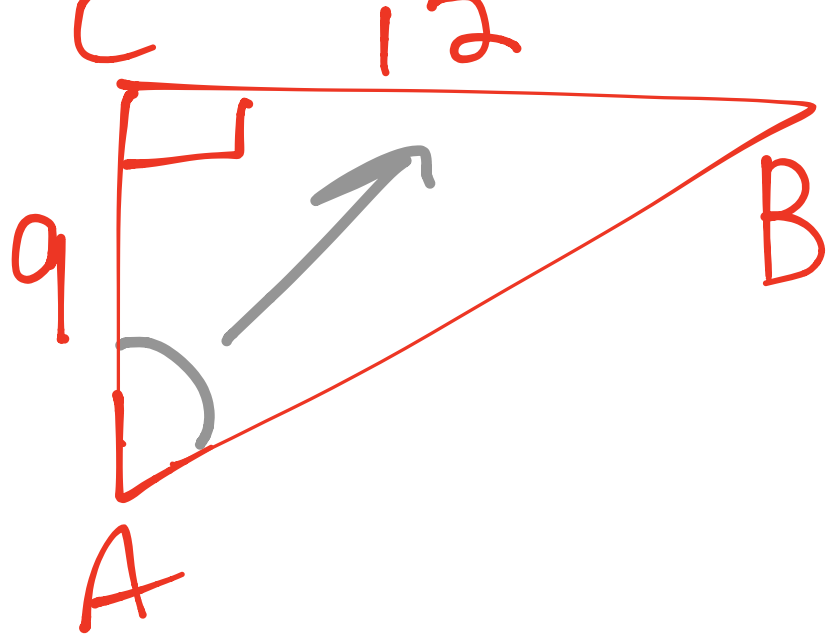


$$\left. \begin{aligned} \sin 50^\circ &= \frac{BC}{8.3} \\ \cos 50^\circ &= \frac{AB}{8.3} \end{aligned} \right\}$$

4)

$$m\angle A = \frac{53^\circ}{37^\circ}$$

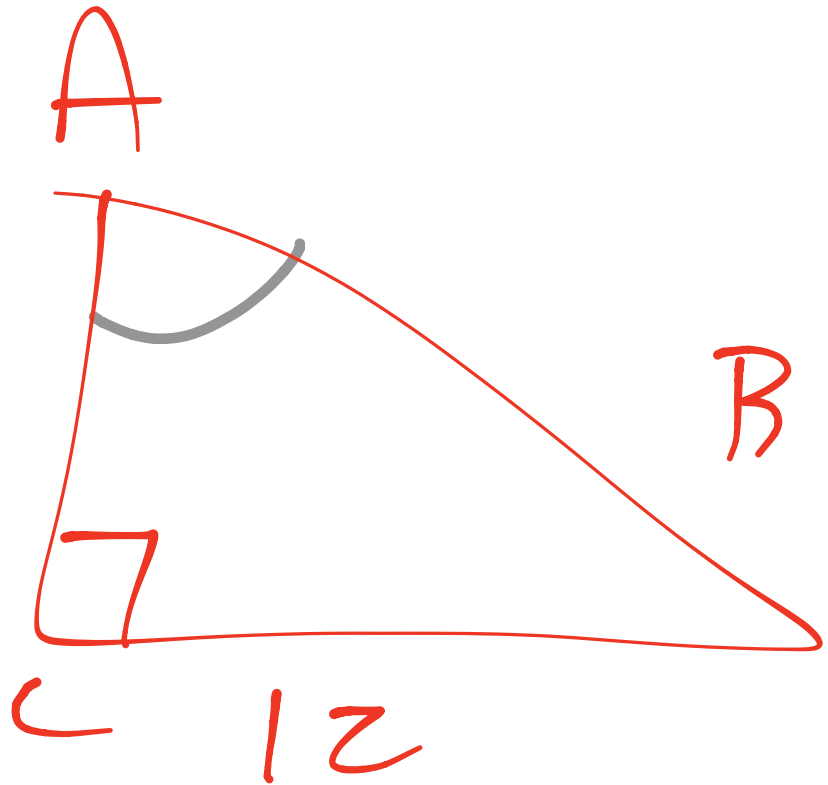
$$AB = \underline{15.0 \text{ in}}$$



$$\tan A = \frac{12}{9}$$

10)

$$m\angle A = \frac{60^\circ}{30^\circ}$$





$$m \angle B = 20$$

$$AB = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\tan A = \frac{12}{7}$$

Review WS

$$14) \sqrt{14} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{7}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{14}}{1} - \frac{\sqrt{14}}{7} = \frac{7\sqrt{14}}{7} - \frac{\sqrt{14}}{7}$$

$$\frac{6\sqrt{14}}{7}$$

$$\frac{6\sqrt{14}}{7}$$

(16)

$$-\sqrt{9 \cdot 3} + 6\sqrt{3} + \frac{5\sqrt{1} \cdot \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{3}}$$

$$-3\sqrt{3} + 6\sqrt{3} + \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{3} + 5\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$\frac{9\sqrt{3}}{3} + \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{3} = \frac{14\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

22

$$(-3, -1) \quad (-11, 3)$$

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{(-11 + 3)^2 + (3 + 1)^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{(-8)^2 + 4^2}$$

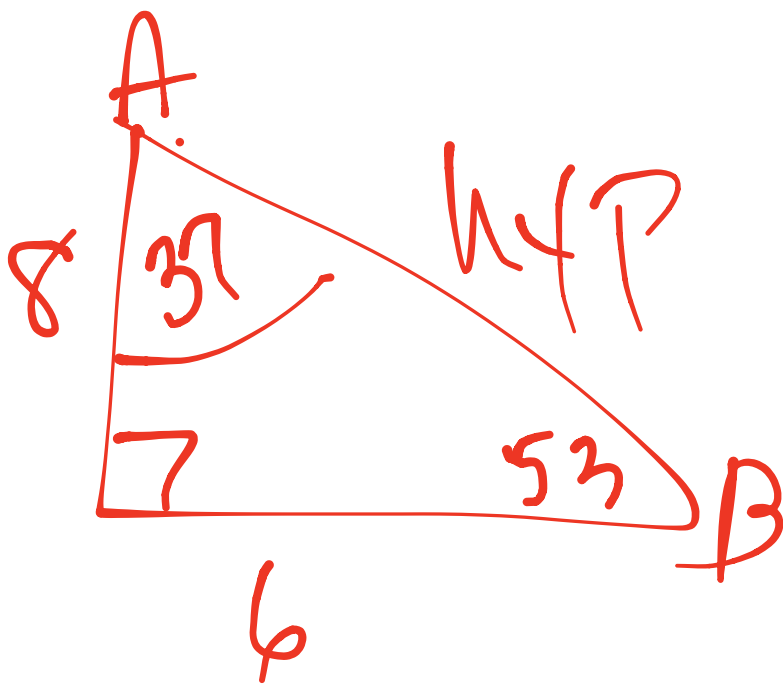
$$d = \sqrt{64 + 16}$$

$$d = \sqrt{10^2 + 10^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{80}$$

$$d = \sqrt{1605}$$

$$d = 4\sqrt{5}$$



$$m\angle A = 37^\circ$$

$$m\angle B = 53^\circ$$

$$\sin 37 = \frac{6}{10}$$

AB

$$AB = \frac{6}{\sin 37}$$