Chapter 3 Study Guide

1. 5 major world religions
   Islam, Judaism, Christianity, Buddhism, Hinduism

2. Market economy
   individuals make their own decisions about what to produce

3. 4 types of economic systems
   market economy, traditional economy (based on customs and beliefs), command economy, mixed economy

4. Constitutional monarchy
   government in which a king or queen is the official head of state

5. Dialect
   a local form of language that differs from the same language in pronunciation or the meaning of the words

6. Natural resources
   products of the earth that people use to meet their needs. Examples are: soil, trees

7. Fossil fuels
   coal, oil, and natural gas

8. Quota
   the limit of how much of a particular product can be imported from a particular country

9. Tariff
   tax added to imported goods

10. Free trade
    removing trade barriers so that goods flow freely among countries

11. Information Revolution
    advances in technology that enables people to share info with others instantly

12. Renewable resource
    natural resource that can’t be used up or can be replaced naturally

13. Examples of renewable resources
    wind, sun, forests, plants and animals

14. Nonrenewable resource
    resources that have a limited supplies and can not be replaced

15. Examples of nonrenewable resources
    coal, oil, natural gas, nuclear energy

16. Culture
    way of life of a group of people who share similar beliefs and customs

17. Social groups
    different groups of people in a society. This is one way geographers study culture

18. language-
    way to share information
19. 8 elements of culture
   social groups, language, religion, daily life, history, arts, government, economy

20. Monotheism
   belief in one God

21. Polytheism
   belief in more than one god

20. Death rate
   number of people out of a 1000 that die every year

21. Birthrate
   number of children born each year out of every 1000 people

22. Interdependence
   dependence of countries on one another goods, materials, and markets

23. Democracy
   people vote to choose leaders

24. Urbanization
   when many people move to cities

25. Civic participation
   volunteering and getting involved in a community... includes voting

26. Emigration
   to leave the country where you were born

27. Immigration
   when people who have moved to a new country

28. Globalization
   development of a world culture and world economy

29. Population density
   average # of people living in a square mile

30. Rural
   living in the country or sparsely populated area

31. Hydroelectric power
   energy generated by falling water

32. Civilization
   highly developed culture

33. Famine
   not having enough food
34. developing countries
35. developed countries
countries working to be industrialized
countries that are industrialized
countries with little or no industrialization
energy produced by the sun
people who flee their country to escape something
believe Jesus Christ is their Savior
follow the Eightfold Path
believes in reincarnation
effects total overall population
creates the rules and laws in which we live by
what trait describes how people eat, dress, and where they live
how people make their money and earn a living
paintings, music, dance, and architecture
40. Buddhists
41. Hindus
42. technology
43. government
44. daily life
45. economy
46. art