Social Studies Ch. 7 Study Guide

1. What are the three raw materials that Alabama had that were excellent for industry? p. 181
   1. 
   2. 
   3. 

2. ________________ is a rock containing enough iron to be mined for a profit. p. 181

3. After the Civil War, Alabama became the center of ____________ and ____________ production in the South. p. 181

4. ________________ is iron produced in a blast furnace heated by powdered coal. p. 181

5. In 1876, an iron producer named ___________________ ran a company that made pig iron. p. 181

6. ___________________ started several coal and iron companies in northern Alabama. p. 181

7. In the 1880s, people began to move towards relying on ______________ for transportation instead of rivers. This helped trade expand. p. 182

8. Another word for center: ___________________ p. 182

9. Goods sent from our country to another country are called ________________. p. 182

10. _______________ are goods brought into our country from another country. p. 182

11. Why did the cotton industry start slowing-down? p. 182 - 183

12. This new industry caused the growth of many ________________ areas, or larger towns and cities. p. 184

13. ___________________ became Alabama’s second-largest city. p. 184

14. ___________________ was founded by Henry DeBardeleben and grew into a center for steel production. p. 184

15. ________________ means change. What is one example of this? p. 187
16. What kind of schools trained mainly elementary teachers? p. 188

17. Name two well respected educators. p. 188
   1. 
   2. 

18. In 1893, women were admitted to the ____________________________ for the first time. p. 188

19. What school used to be called Agricultural and Mechanical College of Alabama? p. 188

20. Who founded the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute for African Americans? p. 188

21. Although there were a lot of areas making progress in Alabama, what was still causing problems? p. 189

22. ____________________________ means separated by race. p. 189

23. ____________________________ is an unfair dislike against a person or group of people. p. 189

24. What does "separate but equal" mean? p. 189

25. What organization has worked to end prejudice against African Americans? p. 190