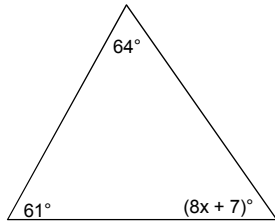


Pre-Algebra 3rd 9-Week Exam (Study Guide) 2013-2014

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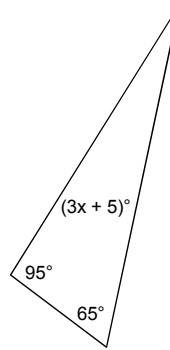
Find the value of x.

1)



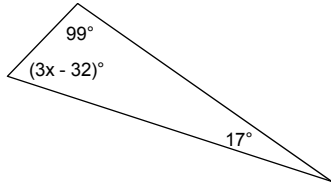
- A) 7 B) 0
C) 1 D) 6

2)



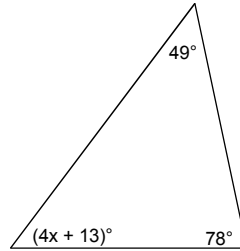
- A) 4 B) 2
C) 5 D) 8

3)



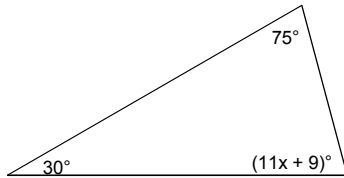
- A) 32 B) 31
C) 36 D) 41

4)



- A) 18 B) 16
C) 10 D) 26

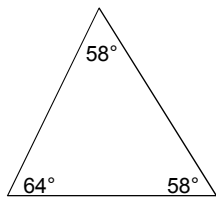
5)



- A) 13 B) 6
C) 14 D) 8

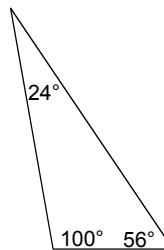
Classify each triangle by its sides.

6)



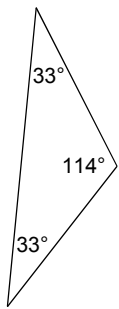
- A) equilateral B) scalene
C) right D) isosceles

7)



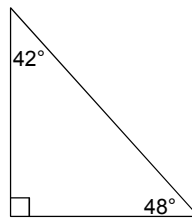
- A) right B) scalene
C) equilateral D) isosceles

8)



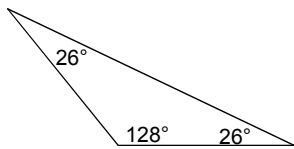
- A) scalene B) equilateral
C) right D) isosceles

9)



- A) right B) isosceles
C) scalene D) equilateral

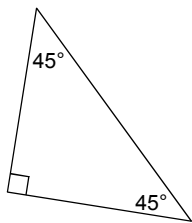
10)



- A) right B) equilateral
C) isosceles D) scalene

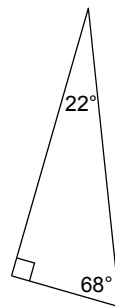
Classify each triangle by its angles.

11)



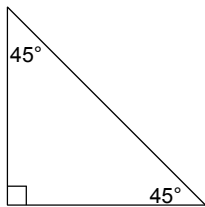
- A) obtuse B) acute
C) scalene D) right

12)



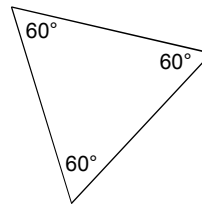
- A) acute B) right
C) scalene D) obtuse

13)



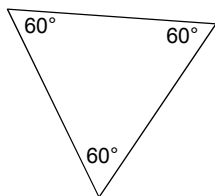
- A) right B) acute
C) obtuse D) scalene

14)



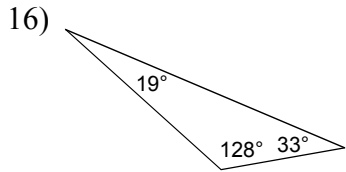
- A) scalene B) right
C) acute D) obtuse

15)

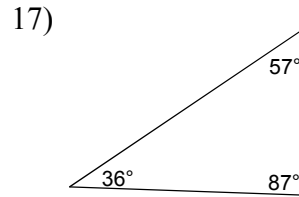


- A) right B) obtuse
C) acute D) scalene

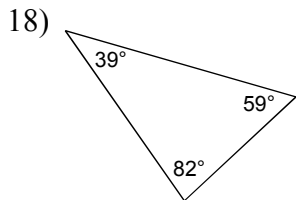
Classify each triangle by its angles and sides.



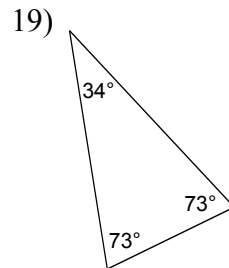
- A) acute isosceles
- B) acute scalene
- C) obtuse scalene
- D) right scalene



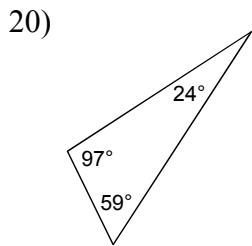
- A) obtuse scalene
- B) right isosceles
- C) equilateral
- D) acute scalene



- A) obtuse scalene
- B) acute isosceles
- C) equilateral
- D) acute scalene

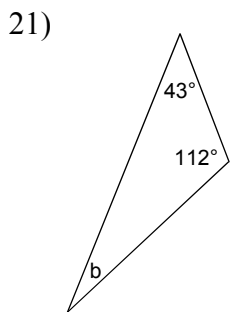


- A) right isosceles
- B) right scalene
- C) equilateral
- D) acute isosceles

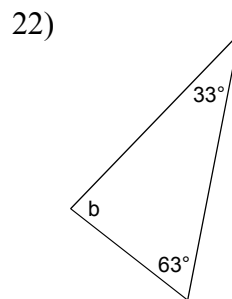


- A) obtuse scalene
- B) right scalene
- C) equilateral
- D) obtuse isosceles

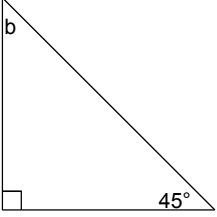
Find the measure of angle b.

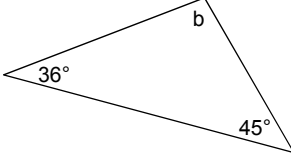


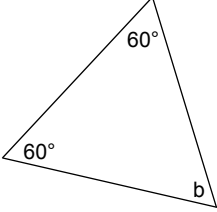
- A) 29°
- B) 25°
- C) 24°
- D) 34°



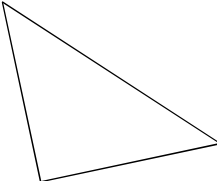
- A) 84°
- B) 76°
- C) 73°
- D) 81°

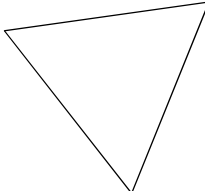
- 23)  A right triangle with a right angle symbol at the bottom-left vertex. The bottom-right angle is labeled 45° . The left vertical leg is labeled b .
- A) 52° B) 45°
 C) 62° D) 53°

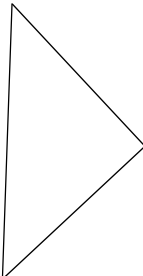
- 24)  A triangle with two angles labeled 36° and 45° . The side opposite the 36° angle is labeled b .
- A) 89° B) 94°
 C) 99° D) 106°

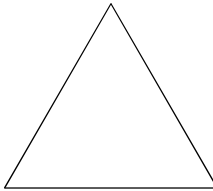
- 25)  A triangle with two angles labeled 60° . The side opposite the top 60° angle is labeled b .
- A) 65° B) 75°
 C) 60° D) 70°

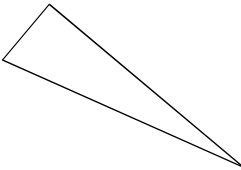
Classify each triangle by its sides.

- 26)  A scalene triangle with no equal sides or angles.
- A) right B) scalene
 C) isosceles D) equilateral

- 27)  An isosceles triangle with two equal sides.
- A) isosceles B) right
 C) scalene D) equilateral

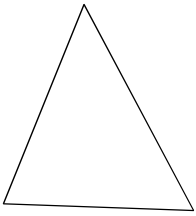
- 28)  A scalene triangle with no equal sides or angles.
- A) scalene B) right
 C) isosceles D) equilateral

- 29)  An equilateral triangle with three equal sides.
- A) equilateral B) scalene
 C) isosceles D) right

- 30)  A scalene triangle with no equal sides or angles.
- A) equilateral B) right
 C) scalene D) isosceles

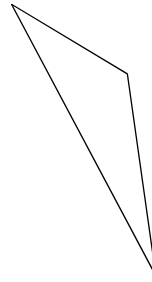
Classify each triangle by its angles.

31)



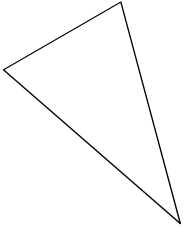
- A) acute
- B) right
- C) scalene
- D) obtuse

32)



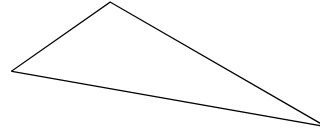
- A) scalene
- B) right
- C) obtuse
- D) acute

33)



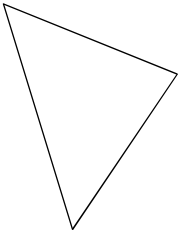
- A) scalene
- B) right
- C) obtuse
- D) acute

34)



- A) obtuse
- B) acute
- C) scalene
- D) right

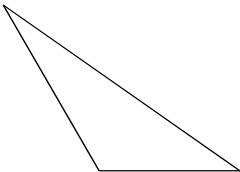
35)



- A) right
- B) scalene
- C) obtuse
- D) acute

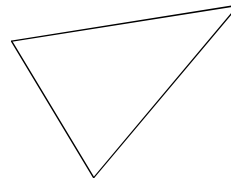
Classify each triangle by its angles and sides.

36)



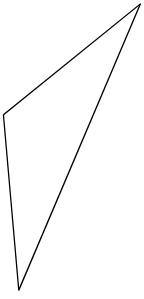
- A) right isosceles
- B) obtuse isosceles
- C) right scalene
- D) obtuse scalene

37)



- A) right scalene
- B) equilateral
- C) acute scalene
- D) obtuse isosceles

38)



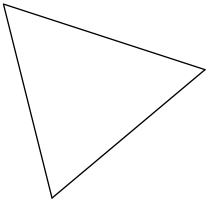
- A) acute scalene
- B) obtuse isosceles
- C) acute isosceles
- D) right scalene

39)



- A) obtuse scalene
- B) obtuse isosceles
- C) equilateral
- D) right scalene

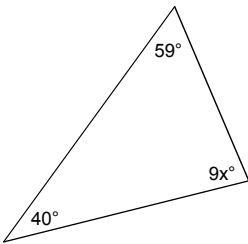
40)



- A) right isosceles
- B) acute scalene
- C) obtuse isosceles
- D) acute isosceles

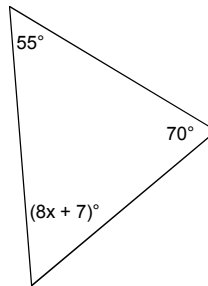
Find the value of x.

41)



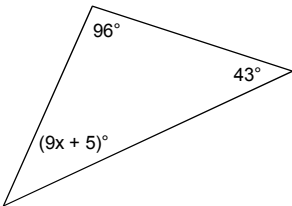
- A) 0
- B) 2
- C) 5
- D) 9

42)



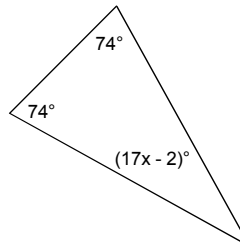
- A) 16
- B) 6
- C) 1
- D) 11

43)



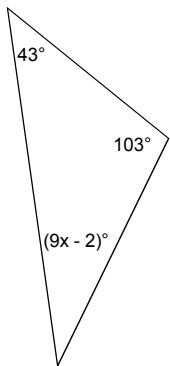
- A) 4
- B) 13
- C) 22
- D) 27

44)



- A) 2
- B) 17
- C) 4
- D) 7

45)



- A) 22 B) 32
C) 13 D) 4

Find each missing length to the nearest tenth.

46) $a = 12.2$, $b = 10.3$, $c = ?$

- A) 17.8 B) 18.1
C) 16 D) 256

48) $a = 3$, $b = ?$, $c = 3.3$

- A) 0.1 B) 1.4
C) 0.3 D) 2

50) $a = ?$, $b = 6.2$, $c = 11.1$

- A) 12.2 B) 9.2
C) 4.9 D) 84.6

Do the following lengths form a right triangle?

51) $a = 3.3$, $b = 5.6$, $c = 6$

- A) Yes B) No

53) $a = 3.6$, $b = 10.5$, $c = 11.1$

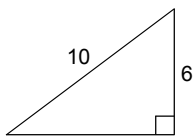
- A) No B) Yes

55) $a = 4.4$, $b = 11.7$, $c = 12.5$

- A) Yes B) No

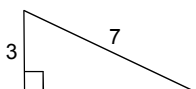
Find each missing length to the nearest tenth.

56)



- A) 34.8 B) 8
C) 64 D) 4

58)



- A) 15.2 B) 6.3
C) 39.7 D) 4

47) $a = 12.9$, $b = 13.3$, $c = ?$

- A) 26.2 B) 18.5
C) 342.3 D) 16.7

49) $a = ?$, $b = 8.1$, $c = 12$

- A) 6.2 B) 79.2
C) 3.9 D) 8.9

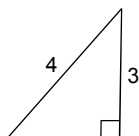
52) $a = 3.2$, $b = 6$, $c = 6.8$

- A) Yes B) No

54) $a = 7.2$, $b = 9.6$, $c = 12$

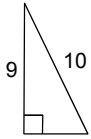
- A) Yes B) No

57)



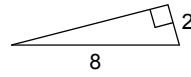
- A) 2.6 B) 6.8
C) 2.9 D) 4.1

59)



- A) 19.4 B) 1
C) 4.4 D) 7.4

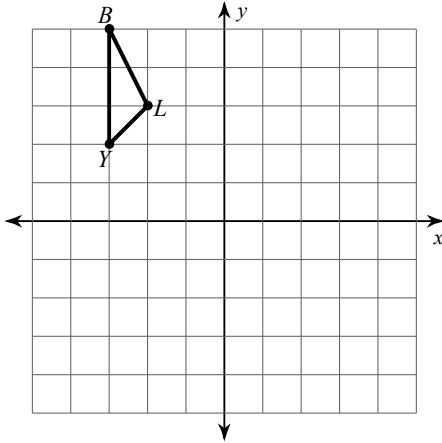
60)



- A) 59.3 B) 8
C) 7.7 D) 6

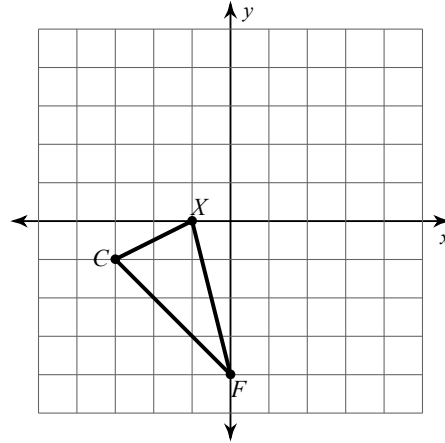
Find the coordinates of the vertices of each figure after the given transformation.

61) rotation 90° clockwise about the origin



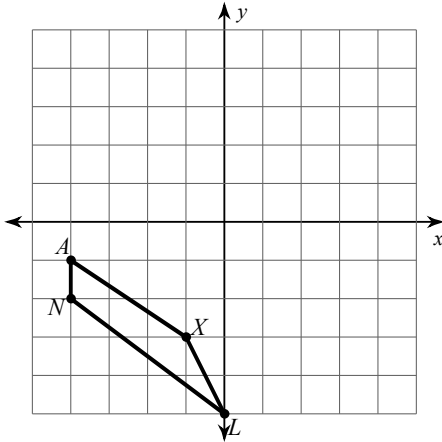
- A) $Y'(-2, -3), B'(-5, -3), L'(-3, -2)$
B) $Y'(-1, -3), B'(-1, 0), L'(0, -2)$
C) $Y'(3, -2), B'(3, -5), L'(2, -3)$
D) $Y'(2, 3), B'(5, 3), L'(3, 2)$

62) rotation 180° about the origin



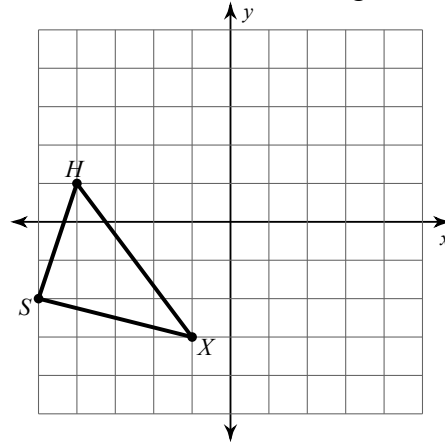
- A) $C'(-1, 3), X'(0, 1), F'(-4, 0)$
B) $C'(3, 1), X'(1, 0), F'(0, 4)$
C) $C'(1, -3), X'(0, -1), F'(4, 0)$
D) $X'(-3, 0), F'(-4, -4), C'(-1, -1)$

63) rotation 90° clockwise about the origin



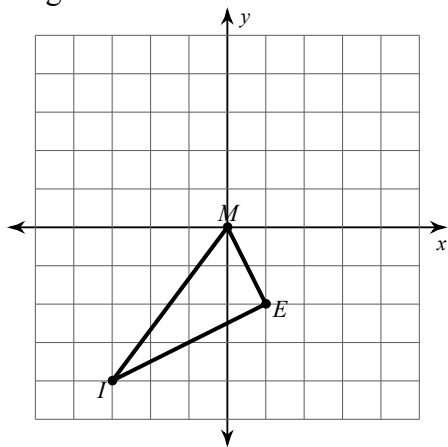
- A) $N'(-5, 0), A'(-5, 1), X'(-2, -1), L'(-1, -3)$
B) $N'(-2, 4), A'(-1, 4), X'(-3, 1), L'(-5, 0)$
C) $N'(2, -4), A'(1, -4), X'(3, -1), L'(5, 0)$
D) $N'(4, 2), A'(4, 1), X'(1, 3), L'(0, 5)$

64) rotation 180° about the origin



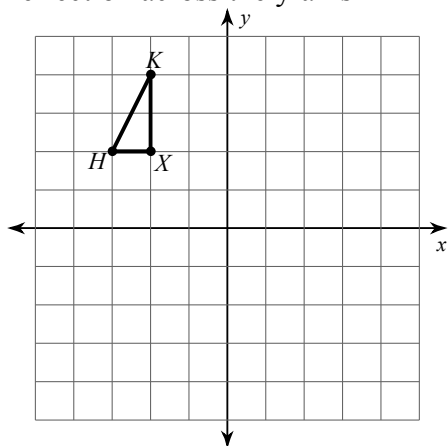
- A) $S'(5, 2), H'(4, -1), X'(1, 3)$
B) $S'(-2, 5), H'(1, 4), X'(-3, 1)$
C) $S'(2, -5), H'(-1, -4), X'(3, -1)$
D) $H'(4, 1), X'(1, -3), S'(5, -2)$

65) rotation 90° counterclockwise about the origin



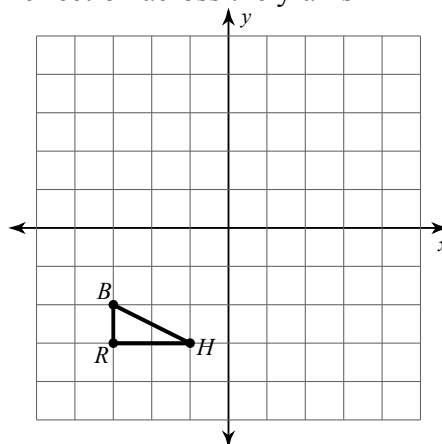
- A) $I'(-3, 1), M'(0, 5), E'(1, 3)$
- B) $I'(3, 4), M'(0, 0), E'(-1, 2)$
- C) $I'(4, -3), M'(0, 0), E'(2, 1)$
- D) $I'(-4, 3), M'(0, 0), E'(-2, -1)$

67) reflection across the y-axis



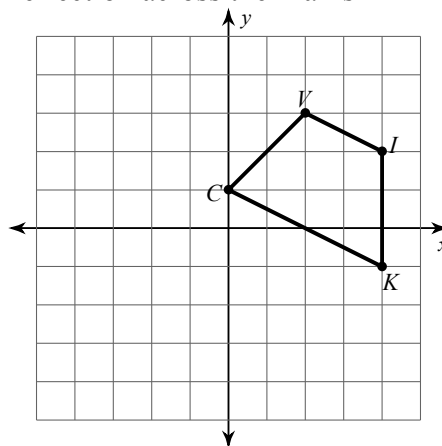
- A) $H'(-4, -5), K'(-3, -3), X'(-3, -5)$
- B) $H'(-5, 1), K'(-4, 3), X'(-4, 1)$
- C) $K'(2, 4), X'(2, 2), H'(3, 2)$
- D) $K'(-2, -4), X'(-2, -2), H'(-3, -2)$

66) reflection across the y-axis



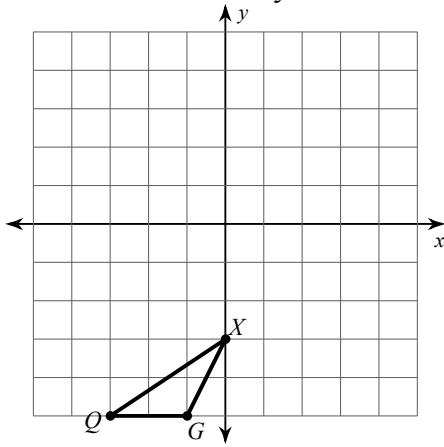
- A) $B'(-3, 2), H'(-1, 3), R'(-3, 3)$
- B) $B'(3, -2), H'(1, -3), R'(3, -3)$
- C) $R'(3, -4), B'(3, -3), H'(5, -4)$
- D) $R'(3, 3), B'(3, 2), H'(1, 3)$

68) reflection across the x-axis



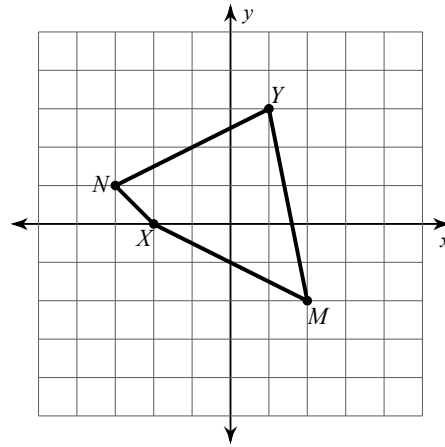
- A) $C'(0, -1), V'(-2, -3), I'(-4, -2), K'(-4, 1)$
- B) $V'(2, -3), I'(4, -2), K'(4, 1), C'(0, -1)$
- C) $C'(-1, 0), V'(-3, 2), I'(-2, 4), K'(1, 4)$
- D) $V'(-2, 3), I'(-4, 2), K'(-4, -1), C'(0, 1)$

69) reflection across the y-axis



- A) $Q'(3, 5), X'(0, 3), G'(1, 5)$
- B) $Q'(5, -3), X'(3, 0), G'(5, -1)$
- C) $X'(0, 3), G'(-1, 5), Q'(-3, 5)$
- D) $X'(0, -3), G'(1, -5), Q'(3, -5)$

70) reflection across the x-axis



- A) $N'(-3, -1), Y'(1, -3), M'(2, 2), X'(-2, 0)$
- B) $X'(0, -2), N'(-1, -3), Y'(-3, 1), M'(2, 2)$
- C) $X'(2, 0), N'(3, -1), Y'(-1, -3), M'(-2, 2)$
- D) $N'(3, 1), Y'(-1, 3), M'(-2, -2), X'(2, 0)$

Find the distance between each pair of points.

71) $(-3, -6), (-6, 8)$

- A) 4.123 B) 14.318
- C) 9.22 D) 8.775

72) $(3, 2), (-4, -2)$

- A) 3.317 B) 8.062
- C) 1.732 D) 1

73) $(0, -2), (-1, -1)$

- A) 2.828 B) 13.038
- C) 1.414 D) 3.162

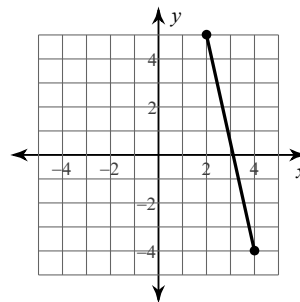
74) $(-7, -2), (-3, 8)$

- A) 3.742 B) 4
- C) 10.77 D) 11.662

75) $(7, -6), (-8, -8)$

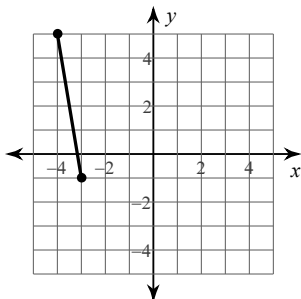
- A) 4.123 B) 3.606
- C) 13.964 D) 15.133

76)



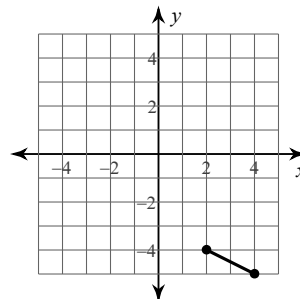
- A) 3.317 B) 9.22
- C) 6.083 D) 8.246

77)



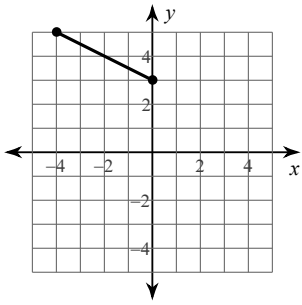
- A) 2.646 B) 5.745
- C) 6.083 D) 3.317

78)



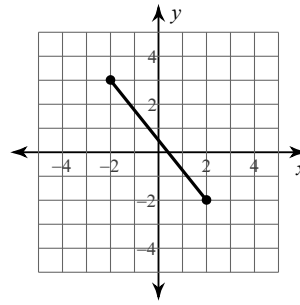
- A) 3.873 B) 2.236
- C) 1.732 D) 10.817

79)



- A) 4.472
- B) 2.449
- C) 3.464
- D) 8.944

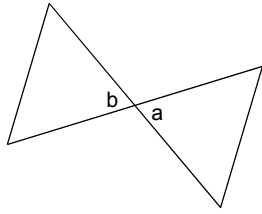
80)



- A) 6.403
- B) 7
- C) 1
- D) 3

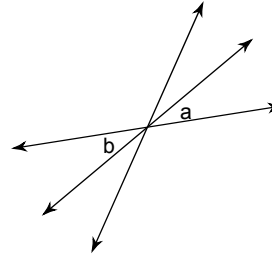
Name the relationship: complementary, supplementary, vertical, adjacent, alternate interior, corresponding, or alternate exterior.

81)



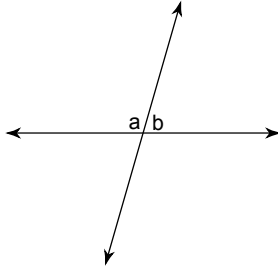
- A) alternate exterior
- B) alternate interior
- C) adjacent
- D) vertical

82)



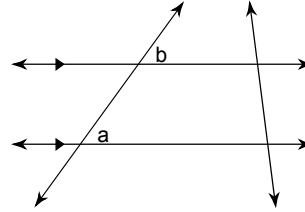
- A) adjacent
- B) vertical
- C) complementary
- D) alternate interior

83)



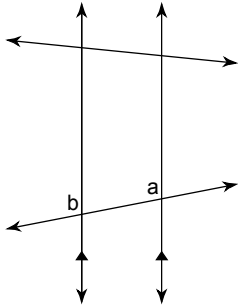
- A) corresponding
- B) alternate interior
- C) supplementary
- D) complementary

84)



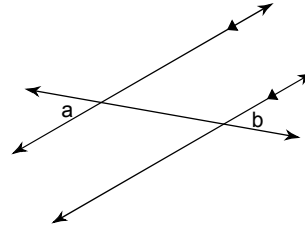
- A) vertical
- B) alternate exterior
- C) corresponding
- D) supplementary

85)



- A) adjacent
- B) corresponding
- C) vertical
- D) supplementary

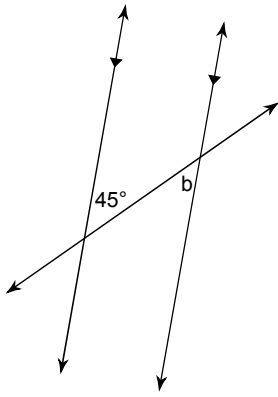
86)



- A) adjacent
- B) complementary
- C) alternate exterior
- D) vertical

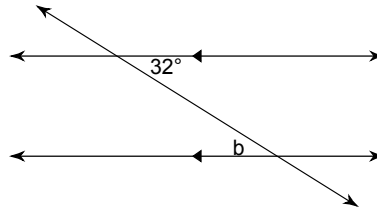
Find the measure of angle b.

87)



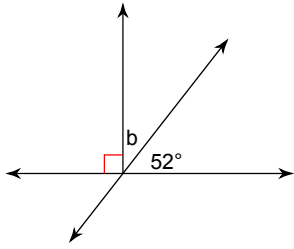
- A) 79°
- B) 135°
- C) 60°
- D) 45°

88)



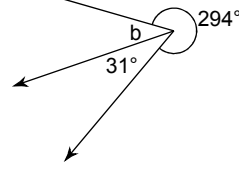
- A) 65°
- B) 32°
- C) 148°
- D) 25°

89)



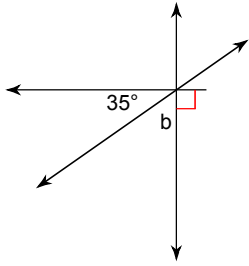
- A) 142°
- B) 128°
- C) 38°
- D) 52°

90)



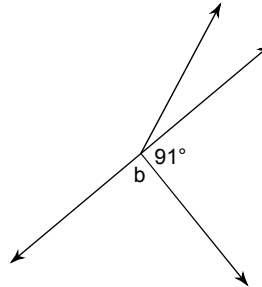
- A) 96°
- B) 136°
- C) 35°
- D) 134°

91)



- A) 55°
- B) 125°
- C) 32°
- D) 35°

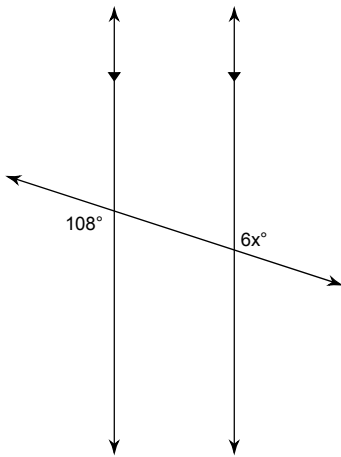
92)



- A) 89°
- B) 83°
- C) 1°
- D) 97°

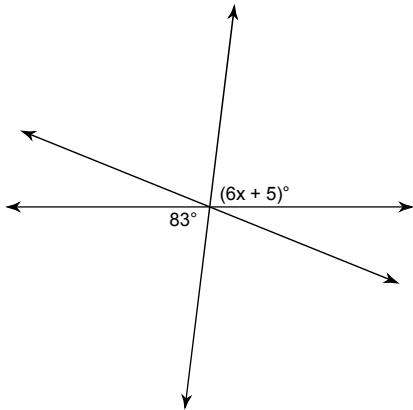
Find the value of x .

93)



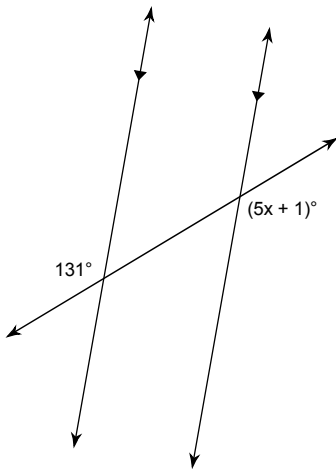
- A) 27 B) 21
C) 18 D) 33

95)



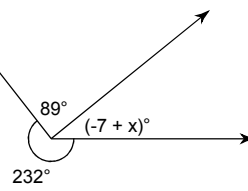
- A) 11 B) 15
C) 18 D) 13

97)



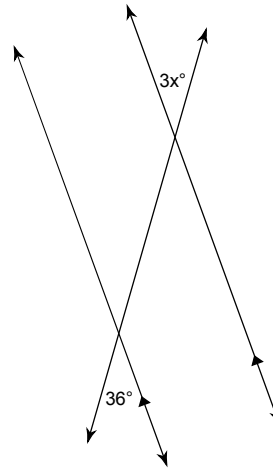
- A) 36 B) 33
C) 28 D) 26

94)



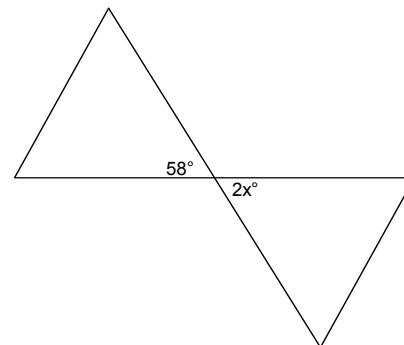
- A) 48 B) 51
C) 46 D) 57

96)



- A) 17 B) 19
C) 14 D) 12

98)



- A) 21 B) 30
C) 29 D) 27